

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of activating a haptic output device of the kind responsive to signals defining directional force comprising receiving a series of signals defining a multiplicity of data packets, each packet defining a directional force applied at one location for transmission to the current location, determining from packet data the information defining a position to which a haptic output device is expected to move, using current positional data to generate output signals defining force and direction and applying a damping factor to said force and direction signals to slow the rate of movement from a previously defined position towards the current defined position, the damping factor being based on a measure of latency of the signals transmitted between said one location and said current location.

2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further including signalling in each direction whereby haptic forces applied at one device in reaction to an applied force towards the current defined position are reflected to a corresponding device in the form of current positional signals in a series of return data packets.

3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further including calculating the damping factor from determined parameters of a transmission network on which said data packets are carried.

4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3 in which the measure of latency of the network is determined by transmitting a data packet to the network said packet including a time determinant identity, reflecting the data packet through the network and comparing the received time with the transmitted time ~~to provide a latency parameter from which said damping factor is determined.~~

5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4 in which at least some transmitted packets carrying positional data also include the time determinant data, some of said time determinant data being returned to permit updating of the measure of latency ~~parameter.~~

6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further including applying a weighting factor in addition to the damping factor, the weighting factor being derived from other parameters of the interconnection such as resilience.

7. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further including applying a modifying factor to the force and direction signals, said modifying factor being derived from predetermined ~~pre-determined~~ user preference data.

8. (Currently Amended) An interactive haptic output terminal in combination with a bi-directional transmission arrangement for transmitting a signal between one location and a current location, the terminal comprising at least a haptic output device and control means, said control means receiving signals from said haptic output device to determine a current position for said device, and to determine from signals received from said transmission arrangement a preferred current position for said haptic output

device, said control mean determining an output force and direction required to move said haptic output device from the current position to the preferred position and further modifying said output force and direction using a damping factor to slow apparent movement between the positions and outputting signals defining the modified force and direction, the damping factor being based on a measure of latency of the signals transmitted between said one location and said current location.

9. (Original) A terminal as claimed in claim 8 in which the control means receives signals from the haptic output device, said signals containing data defining the position of said device at any particular time, said control means converting said data to signals for transmission to said bi-directional transmission arrangement at predetermined intervals.

10. (Previously Presented) A terminal as claimed in claim 8 in which the signals defining a preferred current position are generated by an environment simulator, for example a programmed computer.

11. (Previously Presented) A terminal as claimed in claim 8 in which the signals defining a preferred current position are generated by a corresponding interactive output terminal at the opposed end of the transmission arrangement.

12. (Previously Presented) A terminal as claimed in claim 8 in which a series of packets defining preferred position are received, each packet defining a directional force applied at one location for transmission to the current location, the control means includes means to determine from packet data the sequence of transmission and re-

ordering the data into a numerically correct series, extrapolating from previously received packets an anticipated linear movement to be defined by subsequently received packets and applying output directional force signals corresponding to said anticipated linear movement in respect of any missing data packet.

13. (Previously Presented) A method of activating a haptic output device as claimed in claim 1 including signalling in each direction whereby haptic forces applied at one device in reaction to an applied force towards the current defined position are reflected to a corresponding device in the form of current positional signals in a series of return data packets.

14. (Currently Amended) An interactive haptic output terminal in combination with a bi-directional transmission arrangement for transmitting a signal between one location and a current location, the terminal comprising at least a haptic output device and control means, said control means receiving signals from said haptic output device to determine a current position for said device, and to determine from signals received from said transmission arrangement a preferred current position for said haptic output device, said control mean determining an output force and direction required to move said haptic output device from the current position to the preferred position and further modifying said output force and direction by applying a damping factor to slow apparent movement between the positions and outputting signals defining the modified force and direction, the damping factor being based on a measure of latency of the signals transmitted between said one location and said current location.

15. (Original) A terminal as claimed in claim 14 in which the control means receives signals from the haptic output device containing data defining the position of said device at any particular time and converts said data to signals for transmission to said bi-directional transmission arrangement at predetermined intervals.

16. (Previously Presented) A terminal as claimed in claim 14 in which the signals defining a preferred current position are generated by an environment simulator, for example a programmed computer.

17. (Previously Presented) A terminal as claimed in claim 14 in which the signals defining a preferred current position are generated by a corresponding interactive output terminal at the opposed end of the transmission arrangement.

18. (Previously Presented) A terminal as claimed in claim 14 in which a series of packets defining preferred position are received, each packet defining a directional force applied at one location for transmission to the current location, the control means including means to determine from packet data the sequence of transmission and re-ordering the data into a numerically correct series, extrapolating from previously received packets an anticipated linear movement to be defined by subsequently received packets and applying output directional force signals corresponding to said anticipated linear movement in respect of any missing data packet.